

The Law on Financial Derivatives

Fifth edition

Contents

Preface	iii
Author Biography	ix
Abbreviations	xi
Table of Contents	xiii
Table of Cases	xliv
Table of Statutes	lxxix
Table of Statutory Instruments	lxxxv
Introduction	1
Part A. The Documentation and Nature of Derivatives	
1. The Products	21
2. Confirmations and Master Agreements	105
3. Termination under a Master Agreement	197
4. Structuring Derivatives Contracts	269
Part B. The Substantive Law and Derivatives	
5. The Creation of Derivatives Contracts	299
6. The Validity of Derivatives Contracts	333
7. Liability in Selling Derivatives	379
8. The Performance and Interpretation of Derivatives Contracts	461
9. Termination and Restitution in Derivatives Transactions	517
10. Conflict of Laws	591
Part C. Taking Security	
11. Taking Security	631
12. Collateralisation and Credit Support Agreements	699
13. Set-off, Netting and Insolvency	741
Part D. Regulation and Taxation	
14. Taxation of Financial Derivatives	797

15. The Development of Derivatives Regulation	833
16. EU Regulation of Financial Services	847
17. UK Regulation of Derivatives and Finance	891
18. US Regulation of Derivatives	929
Index	947

Preface

This fifth edition of *The Law on Financial Derivatives* has been almost completely re-written since the last edition in 2006. It continues to present a comprehensive analysis of the substantive law of England and Wales and of financial regulation in general as they affect financial derivatives, together with a detailed analysis of the standard market documentation of financial derivatives. Since the last edition there have been approximately 5,000 pages of case law dealing with financial derivatives, a large number of significant cases dealing with finance law more generally, an entirely new tax code governing derivatives contracts, and of course a seismic change in the public policy approach to the regulation of derivatives markets. New chapters dealing in detail with the regulatory developments since the last edition have been added to this book. Of most significance, however, for many readers will be the greatly expanded and reorganised chapters on the documentation issues with financial derivatives.

The methodology which was used in the last edition was developed in my books *The Law of Finance* (London: Sweet & Maxwell, 2009) and a revised practitioner edition, (London: Sweet & Maxwell, 2010); and *Securities Law* (London: Sweet & Maxwell, 2008). Those developments, in essence attempting to conceive of the law of finance as a distinct field of law, have been reflected in this edition. Consequently, this book is both a practical analysis and delineation of derivatives law, and a scholarly analysis of the many legal issues which arise in relation to modern, global financial markets. My aim is to consider the law on financial derivatives in a manner which will be of particular use to those practitioners for whom derivatives are the core of their practice and of use also to those who encounter them only from time to time.

This fifth edition presents analysis of over 100 cases decided since the last edition, as well as a number of new statutes, regulations and pre-legislative policy documents. Such is the volume of case law that is available to the practitioner with the advent of electronic reporting of every case decided in this and many other jurisdictions that the role of the treatise writer has become both more difficult (in that there is much more raw material to synthesise and explain than before) and more essential (in that busy practitioners require a route map and update through the torrents of case law which are theoretically within reach, as well as an analysis of the legal issues). Consequently, this new edition has been substantially re-written so as to explain the shape of the law coherently, as opposed simply to bolting-on mentions of new cases so that the entirety of the discussion loses its shape across successive editions. Since the last edition there has been the global financial crisis which will precipitate a revolution in the legal

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE
<i>Preface</i>	iii
<i>Author Biography</i>	ix
<i>Table of Abbreviations</i>	xi
<i>Table of Cases</i>	xliii
<i>Table of Statutes</i>	lxxix
<i>Table of Statutory Instruments</i>	lxxxv

	PARA
Introduction	
The Contents and Structure of the Book	
The scope of this book	0–01
The structure and philosophy of this book	0–03
Part A: Modelling financial derivatives—key structures and documentation	0–08
Part B: Private law and financial derivatives	0–14
Part C: Credit support and collateralisation	0–21
Part D: Regulation and taxation	0–24
The standard market documentation	0–27
The organisation of the discussion	0–29
Principal Themes in the Law on Financial Derivatives	
The principal themes	0–30
The nature of “derivatives law”	
Derivatives law as a context within the law of finance	0–31
The need for an elision of substantive law principles with regulatory principles	0–33
The nature of the law on financial derivatives as a subject	0–36
Writing this book in the wake of the global financial crisis	0–43
The classification of claims	0–48
How common law systems function and develop	0–50

PART A**The Documentation and Nature of Derivatives****1. The Products**

Overview

The Fundamentals of Financial Derivatives	
Introduction: The lawyer and the derivative.....	1-01
What is a “derivative”?	
The meaning of the term “derivative”.....	1-06
Derivative contracts are ancient ideas.....	1-08
Mooted future changes to financial derivatives markets of significance to these definitions	1-11
The roots of financial derivatives in options and in obligations to make payment	
The two root strategies in creating derivatives	1-14
The option as the core of derivatives theory	1-16
The core building blocks.....	1-22
Why enter into a derivative?	
The roots of derivatives products	1-23
Speculation	1-27
Hedging	1-32
Asset/liability management.....	1-38
Arbitrage.....	1-39
Constructing a commercial and legal analysis of financial derivatives	1-44
The importance of risk analysis in the law on financial derivatives	1-49
The overlap between legal and credit concerns: managing risk	1-52
Options	
Introduction	
The order of the discussion.....	1-55
The elements of an option	1-56
A typical transaction	1-61
Commercial risk and the option.....	1-64
Restructuring possibilities with options.....	1-66
General issues in structuring options which inform the legal analysis	
Introduction	1-67
Issues with exchange-traded assets.....	1-68
Different ways of exercising an option	1-70
Structuring options to resemble swaps, and so forth	1-73
Transactions by confirmation.....	1-74
The calculation agent	1-76
Automatic exercise.....	1-77
Options and title to the underlying assets	1-78
Specific types of option.....	1-79
Bond options	1-80
Equity options	1-84

Complex options strategies

Fundamentals of synthetic options structures.....	1-86
Barrier options and volatility strategies.....	1-90
Convertible bonds	1-91
Forwards	
The nature of a forward.....	1-92
The inter-relationship of forwards and other derivatives	1-94
Swaps	
What is a swap?.....	1-96
Sample transaction: an interest rate swap used to manage interest payments on a loan	1-97
Elements in ordinary interest rate swap business	
Introduction	1-101
Net payments calculated by reference to a notional amount.....	1-102
Interest rate swaps used for speculation	1-103
Different types of swap used for speculation	1-105
That an interest rate swap compels payment.....	1-110
The effect of the pricing and structure of swaps	1-111
Swaps pricing models	1-113
Issues with the analysis of swaps contracts in legal terms	1-114
The financial futures approach to pricing swaps.....	1-121
Capital markets arbitrage	1-123
The core importance of the pricing models	1-126
Caps, collars and floors	1-129
Equity swaps	1-130
Contracts for Differences	1-135
Hedging	
The definition of “hedging”	1-138
Risk and inter-connected hedging on derivatives markets	
Issues with hedging and risk management	1-142
Systemic risk	1-143
Potential legal issues with hedging	
Hedging as a duty	1-146
Loss of hedge on termination of a derivatives contract	1-148
Credit Derivatives	
Introduction	1-154
Credit default swaps	
The nature of a credit default swap	1-156
Illustrations of credit default swaps	1-161
Credit default option	1-164
The commercial objectives in credit derivatives	1-165
The credit event	1-170
Events of default	
Materiality and publicly available information	1-173
Failure to perform	1-179
Cross default and cross acceleration	1-180
Credit downgrade clauses	1-181

Credit default swaps, Securitisations and Collateralised Debt	
Obligations	
The nature of securitisation products	1–184
Securitisations containing credit default swaps.....	1–188
Collateralised debt obligations (“CDO’s”).....	1–189
The insurance issue	1–190
Confirmation issues	1–198
Issues with documentation and complexity	1–204
Foreign Exchange Derivatives	
Currency options.....	1–205
Currency swaps.....	1–206
Cross-currency interest rate swaps.....	1–207
Documentation.....	1–209
Tax Derivatives	1–211
2. Confirmations and Master Agreements	
Overview	
Introduction	
The scope of this chapter	2–01
Key issues with financial derivative contracts	
The role of the lawyer in derivatives contracts	2–03
The documentation architecture	
The cross-border, multi-jurisdictional context.....	2–08
The four dimensions of the contract.....	2–10
The single agreement approach	
The central role of the “single agreement” approach.....	2–14
The insolvency law context of the single agreement approach.....	2–16
Doubts about the efficacy of the single agreement approach in the case law.....	2–17
Whether the single agreement approach is artificial in general terms.....	2–19
The calculation agent.....	2–21
The confirmation	
Introduction.....	2–26
The creation of a contract	2–28
The mechanics of contract formation	2–29
Sources both of the contract and of confusion between the parties	2–32
Reasons for absence of documentation	2–36
Absence of documentation and the use of interim confirmations	2–39
The relationship between confirmation and master agreement	2–43
Terms of a confirmation and credit risk	2–44
The position without a master agreement; and standard market practice.....	2–45
The structure of a confirmation.....	2–49

Points to watch on the confirmation	
General drafting issues.....	2–51
Commercial and regulatory points in confirmations.....	2–53
Credit points to watch	2–56
Failure of the basis of the contract	
Market disruption, exceptional events and frustration of contract	2–59
Market disruption	2–61
The occurrence of frustration of contract	2–65
Force majeure	2–69
Maximum volatility clause and purpose of contract provisions: reducing risk for buyers of derivatives	2–70
Extraordinary event	2–77
Failure to deliver or to make payment	
Failure to deliver	2–80
Failure to make payment	2–83
Default interest, termination and penalty clauses	
The requirement of default interest and the rule against penalty clauses	2–84
Whether the ISDA early termination procedure constitutes a penalty clause	2–86
Mistake	2–88
Market publication error	2–89
Party error	2–92
An Overview of the ISDA Master Agreement	
Meeting the ISDA Master Agreement.....	2–94
The terms and structure of the master agreement	
The purposes of the ISDA Master Agreement	2–97
The interaction of the ISDA Master Agreement with other documentation	2–99
The structure of the ISDA Master Agreement and its key terms	2–101
Further materials	2–107
The Master Agreement	
Introduction	
The role of the master agreement	2–108
A history of the documentation of derivatives	2–111
Weaknesses with master agreement structures	2–113
Interpretation	2–118
Late payment	2–120
Condition precedent	2–122
The difficulties with the interpretation of section 2	2–123
Does the section 2(a)(iii) condition precedent effect a once-and-for-all termination or merely a suspensory termination of the obligation to make payment?	2–124
Does the condition precedent in section 2(a)(iii) prevent netting under section 2(c)?	2–133
One suggested solution	2–137

CONTENTS

Another suggested solution: the single agreement approach.....	2-138
Netting	2-140
Withholding tax	2-143
Representations	
Introduction	2-144
Incorrect or misleading representations constitute an event of default	2-147
The issues relating to capacity and authority in outline.....	2-148
Authority	2-150
Capacity	2-153
The paradox in relation to capacity and authority representations	2-157
Illegality.....	2-158
Regulatory approvals	2-161
Legal validity of obligations assumed.....	2-162
Absence of litigation	2-163
Tax representations.....	2-164
Accuracy of all information.....	2-167
Important administrative matters	
Local business day	2-170
Procedures for entering into transactions	2-171
The Schedule to the Master Agreement	
Introduction.....	2-172
The parties and affiliates	
Identifying the entity through which a transaction will be conducted	2-175
Credit assessment provisions: cross default and cross acceleration	2-176
Transfer of obligations	2-182
Severance of void provisions from the remainder of the contract	
The doctrine of severance	2-186
The possibility of severance in the local authority swaps cases	2-188
The doctrine of severance in derivatives contracts	2-189
Providing for severance in a contract	2-195
Expenses	2-196
Tax representations	2-197
Miscellaneous further administrative and house-keeping provisions	
Introduction	2-198
Information	2-199
Multibranch parties	2-200
Calculation Agent.....	2-201
Guarantee and credit support documents.....	2-202
Collateral documents.....	2-203
Governing law	2-204
Jurisdiction	2-205

CONTENTS

Netting of payments under the master agreement	2-207
Introduction	2-208
Netting of payments.....	2-209
Set-off on insolvency	2-209
Credit support documentation	2-211
3. Termination under a Master Agreement	
Overview	
Introduction	
The scope of this chapter	3-01
The mechanics of termination in outline	3-03
The Schedule overrides the Master Agreement	3-06
Automatic termination or termination by notice?.....	3-07
The interpretation of the termination provisions in the ISDA Master Agreement	3-11
Events of Default	
Introduction.....	3-15
The scope of events of default	3-16
Failure to perform a payment or delivery obligation	3-17
Breach of agreement.....	3-24
Failure of guarantee, or other credit support	3-28
Misrepresentation	
The ISDA approach to misrepresentation.....	3-33
Materiality	3-36
The law on misrepresentations in general terms	3-37
Cross default under other derivatives and acceleration of debt	
A note on terminology	3-38
“Specified entities”	3-40
“Default under a specified transaction” in section 5(a)(v): cross default under derivatives transactions	3-42
“Cross default” in section 5(a)(vi): Cross acceleration.....	3-46
Cross default: The applicable threshold	3-50
Scope of instruments covered.....	3-52
Scope of defaults covered	3-54
Terminating a number of transactions	3-56
Bankruptcy	
The event of default relating to insolvency	3-57
The eighth, catch-all provision	3-63
The role of the “bankruptcy” event of default within the master agreement	3-64
Alternative conceptualisations of insolvency in English law for non-corporate entities	3-67
Fraud in an insolvency?	3-68
Credit worth; credit downgrade clause	
Problems of calculating credit	3-69
Material adverse change; force majeure	3-74
Corporate restructuring	
Corporate restructuring in general	3-76
Alterations of non-corporate structures	3-78

Alterations to corporate structures.....	3-79
Termination Events	
Introduction.....	3-80
Illegality.....	3-81
Force majeure	3-84
Tax event.....	3-85
Tax event upon merger	3-86
Credit event upon merger	3-87
Merger without assuming obligations of predecessor	3-92
Failure of provision of credit support.....	3-93
The Termination Procedure	
Introduction.....	3-94
The termination methodologies: “market quotation”, “loss” and “replacement value”	
Issues with calculation in the abstract	3-96
The ISDA methodologies.....	3-100
“Market quotation”.....	3-102
“Loss”	3-110
“Replacement value”	3-118
Issues with applying the termination methodology	3-119
One-way and two-way payments.....	3-120
Mandatory automatic early termination.....	3-123
The termination process	
The termination process in its essence: The effect of nominating an Early Termination Date	3-124
Who conducts the termination calculations?	3-125
Termination in respect of events of default.....	3-126
Termination in respect of termination events	3-127
Calculating the close-out amount	3-128
Issues with selective termination	3-130
Termination currency	3-132
Entire agreement and exclusion of liability	3-133
Set-off under the master agreement	3-136
Issues with the ISDA Master Agreement Termination Provisions	
Introduction.....	3-138
Do the ISDA Master Agreement termination provisions work?	
The answer	3-139
The validity of the contract ab initio	3-140
The validity of the termination provisions as part of a “single agreement”	3-141
Enforcing the literal terms of the contract.....	3-142
The role of the calculation agent	3-143
Reading implied terms into the contract: commercial reasonableness.....	3-144
Mandatory rules of law	3-148
The lack of a jurisprudence: the per incuriam problem	3-149
The limitations of master agreement termination methodology.....	3-151

4. Structuring Derivatives Contracts	
Overview	
Introduction	4-01
Using Legal Analysis to Structure Financial Derivatives	
Introduction.....	4-02
The importance of proper analysis.....	4-03
Two questions about the fundamentals of derivatives transactions	
The two questions	4-09
Single or multiple obligations under “single agreement” approach	4-12
Are interest rate swaps themselves single agreements or combinations of separate transactions?	4-13
The six analyses which flow from these questions	4-16
Six Analyses of the Interest Rate Swap	
Introduction.....	4-18
Financial forwards analysis	4-22
The Executory Contract Analysis.....	4-28
How many executory contracts?	4-29
Executory expectation	4-34
The insolvency context	4-38
Remedies under executory derivatives contracts between solvent parties	4-39
Specific performance	4-41
The Mutual Debts Analysis	4-43
The Condition Precedent Analysis	4-53
The Repayment Analysis.....	4-56
The Disjoined Option Analysis	4-62
The last analysis	4-67
Repackaging Financial Derivatives	
The purpose of repackaging cash flows.....	4-68
A reminder—substance and not mere form is important	4-71
Moving between options and swaps	4-72
PART B	
The Substantive Law and Derivatives	
5. The Creation of Derivatives Contracts	
Overview	
Introduction	
The scope of this chapter	5-01
An outline of the contract negotiation process	5-02
Offer and acceptance	
Offers and mere invitations to treat in marketing material	5-09
Whether an offer has been made at all	5-15
Contracts created through on-going discussion	5-18
Acceptance in financial derivatives transactions: the battle of confirmations	5-19
Promissory estoppel.....	5-23

Good faith in the creation of contracts.....	5-26
Time and place of creation of a contract.....	5-30
Time of creation of a contract.....	5-31
Place of creation of a contract.....	5-35
Consideration	
The requirement of consideration	5-36
Contracts under deed do not need consideration.....	5-38
Implied terms	5-40
Standard form contractual terms	
Use of standard form contracts	5-45
Unfair contract terms.....	5-49
Issues specific to the formation of derivatives contracts	
Contracts with non-corporate counterparties	5-50
Agents and fund managers.....	5-51
Hedge funds	5-56
Claims between principal and counterparty	5-57
Trustees.....	5-58
Capacity and authority in general.....	5-59
Conditions and warranties	5-60
Case studies: Confusion in the transaction process	
The case of <i>Peekay Intermark Ltd v Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Ltd</i>	
The decision at first instance	5-65
The reversal by the Court of Appeal	5-72
The interaction of regulatory obligations and ordinary contract law	5-76
Discrepancies between the verbal discussions and the documentation	5-78
Interpreting contracts where there is a manifest error in the documentation	5-81
6. The Validity of Derivatives Contracts	
Overview	
Introduction	6-01
Intrinsic validity of a derivatives contract	
The scope of the discussion	6-03
Illegal contracts and contracts without regulatory authority.....	6-04
Contracts contrary to the criminal law	6-05
Contracts contrary to statute	6-06
Illegal contracts under the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000.....	6-07
Contracts contrary to a mandatory rule of law	6-08
Derivatives and gaming contracts	
Gaming and financial derivatives contracts	
The problem with gaming and wagering contracts	6-09
Financial derivatives typically not gaming or wagering contracts	6-11

Contracts by way of business which are not gaming contracts:	
FSMA 2000	
Introduction	6-14
Establishing which contracts are entered into by way of business	6-15
Specified contracts	6-19
A residual concern?.....	6-20
Derivatives and insurance contracts	
Derivatives as insurance contracts	
Defining the problem	6-24
Are derivatives “insurance business”?.....	6-27
The effect of conducting insurance business without authorisation under the criminal law and under private law	6-33
Structuring derivatives otherwise than as insurance	6-37
Arguing against derivatives being defined as insurance contracts	6-39
Personal capacities of the parties	
Capacity: The issues	6-41
Corporate capacity under English law generally	6-46
Companies organised under the Companies Act 2006	6-49
UK local authorities	
The source of the local authority swaps litigation: <i>Hazell v Hammersmith and Fulham LBC</i>	6-51
The powers of UK local authorities today	6-55
The capacity of local authorities in other jurisdictions	6-56
Building societies	6-57
Ordinary trusts	
Powers of investment of ordinary trusts under statute	6-62
Exclusion of the liabilities of trustees	6-67
Liability of trustees for breach of trust.....	6-69
Pension funds	6-70
Partnerships	6-71
Collective investment schemes	6-73
Agency in financial derivatives transactions	
Introduction	6-76
Authority to act on behalf of another	
Outline of the law of agency	6-78
Internal authority—liability between principal and agent	6-80
External authority—liability between agent and third party	6-81
Unauthorised profits made by an agent	6-86
Undisclosed principals	6-87
With whom to effect a contract	6-88
Compliance with “know your client” regulation	6-89
Liability for breach of contract and other damage	6-90
Liability of the principal and of the agent to the counterparty in contract	6-91

CONTENTS

Liability in cases of an undisclosed principal	6-92
Ratification of the acts of the agent.....	6-93
Vicarious liability of the principal for employees.....	6-94
Vicarious liability of the principal for agents who are not employees	6-97
Vicarious liability and corporate personality.....	6-99
Liability of the agent.....	6-100
Credit support structures	6-101
Unfair contract terms	
Introduction.....	6-102
Exclusion of liability for negligence.....	6-104
Exclusion of liability in standard form contracts.....	6-105
Exclusion for sales of securities.....	6-106
Set-off and restriction of liability clauses.....	6-107
7. Liability in Selling Derivatives	
Overview	
Classification of Claims	
Introduction.....	7-01
Vitiated consent—in outline.....	7-05
The ordinary resolution of disputes, where possible.....	7-07
Wrongs and other forms of misfeasance—in outline	7-09
Recovery of property and profits—in outline.....	7-10
The scope of this chapter.....	7-11
The link between financial regulation, common law and equity	7-12
Themes in Liability for Mis-selling Financial Instruments and Conduct of Business Regulation	
Themes in the law on liability for mis-selling financial instruments	
The scope of this section	7-15
Three key themes in the discussion to follow	7-16
The developing overlap between conduct of business regulation and the substantive law	
The issue in general terms	7-20
The specific context of conduct of business regulation	7-21
Case Study: <i>Bankers Trust v Dharmala (No.2)</i>	
Introduction	7-24
The background	7-25
The derivatives products at issue.....	7-28
The claims brought by DSS.....	7-32
The decision of Mance J.....	7-42
The early corporate swaps mis-selling cases and the emergence of suitability	7-49
Cases in the wake of the Enron collapse.....	7-51
Suitability of the product sold at common law	
The concept of suitability	7-52
<i>Titan Steel Wheels v Royal Bank of Scotland</i>	7-53

CONTENTS

How closely does a regulated firm need to inquire into the expertise of the customer at common law?.....	7-61
Fraud and hyper-complex, over-rated derivative products	7-65
Exclusion of liability	
Exclusion of liability clauses and conduct of business	7-70
Gross negligence outwith an exclusion clause: <i>Camerata Property Inc v Credit Suisse Securities (Europe) Ltd</i>	7-71
Complete refusal to be bound from the outset among market counterparties	7-74
Fraud	
Introduction	7-75
The tort of deceit (fraud)	
The basis of liability	7-77
The nature of the misrepresentation necessary to found liability	7-81
The measure of damages for fraudulent misrepresentation	7-84
Fraudulent misdescription	7-87
Deceitful omission	7-91
Active deceit	7-93
Fraudulent misrepresentation under statute	7-95
Equitable Fraud: Undue Influence	
Introduction: The <i>Bundy</i> model of undue influence in derivatives transactions	7-96
Undue influence under the general law	7-100
Undue influence in financial derivatives transactions	7-103
Suitability both in procedure and in substance: <i>Morgan Stanley UK Group v Puglisi Cosentino</i>	7-107
Damages for Negligent Misrepresentation under Statute	
The basis of liability under statute	7-112
No damages where the claimant failed to read the documentation	7-114
The Tort of Negligence and Negligent Misstatement	
The tort of negligence	7-115
Negligent misstatement under the general law	7-120
Thinking more broadly about liability for mispredictions	7-127
Condition Precedent	7-132
Mistake	7-135
Fiduciary Liability	7-136
The self-dealing principle	7-140
The fair-dealing principle	7-143
Breach of Trust and the Liability of Strangers	
Introduction	7-145
Breach of trust	7-146
Dishonest assistance	
The basis of liability	7-148
The objective test for dishonesty in <i>Royal Brunei Airlines v Tan</i>	7-149

The test of dishonesty in relation to risk-taking in derivatives transactions; and a suggestion for using regulatory standards to shape liability.....	7-151
Subsequent case law on the test for dishonesty	7-157
Unconscionable receipt	
The basis of liability	7-159
The requirement of unconscionability	7-161
The requirements for knowledge	7-163
The transmission of liability to account from an individual to a corporate entity.....	7-166
Recovery of Property and Profits	
Recovery of property	7-169
Recovery of profits	
Introduction	7-173
The liability of a fiduciary for unauthorised profits.....	7-174
The liability of company directors for unauthorised profits	7-180
Liability in respect of bribes or other unlawful profits.....	7-183
Personal claim in restitution	7-186
8. The Performance and Interpretation of Derivatives Contracts	
Overview	
Introduction	8-01
Performance of payment obligations	
Impact of failure to pay	8-05
Dispute as to calculation of amounts	8-06
Date of due payment	8-07
Payment netting	8-08
Errors and Confusions in the Contracting Process	
The types of claim which may result from errors and confusions in the contracting process	8-09
The range of circumstances giving rise to a legal dispute	8-13
The different types of litigant and client classification	8-15
Mistake and misunderstandings	
Some of the types of mistakes and misunderstandings which arise in financial markets.....	8-20
Problems with managing the documentation of derivatives in practice	8-23
That basic mistakes and misunderstandings can occur in the largest and most significant transactions, as well as in the smallest	8-24
Interpretation of Contracts	
Understanding the basic approaches to the interpretation of contracts.....	8-25
The English law approach in summary	8-32
The central principle in <i>Investors Compensation Scheme v West Bromwich Building Society</i>	8-36
The five principles as interpreted latterly	8-37
The perspective of the reasonable person.....	8-38

Reference to “absolutely anything” in the background circumstances	8-40
The effect of admitting “absolutely anything”, and its subsequent restriction	8-42
Only relevant background may be admitted in evidence	8-45
The meaning as perceived by the reasonable man	8-46
The natural and ordinary meaning of words	8-47
Interpretation in accordance with commercial common sense	8-50
The effect of the <i>Investors Compensation Scheme</i> approach and its similarity to previous principle	8-52
That the courts will not interpolate provisions they would have preferred to see	8-55
Interpretation of a master agreement so as to validate the contract	8-56
Interpretation and rectification of contracts	8-57
Dispute as to calculation of amounts	8-59
Frustration of contract	
Express contractual provision	8-61
At common law	
Impossibility of performance	8-63
Impossibility of acquiring the price of the underlying asset	8-64
Executory or segmental contracts	8-66
Affecting only one party’s performance	8-67
Distinguishing between impracticability and abnegation of purpose	8-68
Mistake	
Mistake in general	8-69
Unilateral and common mistake	8-70
Defining mistake: the four categories	8-71
Common mistake: mutual mistake	8-72
Common mistake: misunderstanding or miscommunication	8-73
The theoretical basis for avoiding contracts for common mistake	8-75
Unilateral mistake	8-76
Non est factum	8-83
The basis of the common law on mistake	8-84
The requirement that there be an operative mistake	8-86
Mistakes of fact and mistakes of law	8-87
Examples of the different types of mistake specifically in derivatives transactions	8-90
The theoretical basis of the English law on mistake in derivatives	8-95
The interaction of the doctrine of mistake with other doctrines	8-96
The relegation of the doctrine of mistake behind the interpretation of contracts	8-97

CONTENTS

The interaction of mistake, conditions precedent and implied contractual terms.....	8-99
The interaction of rectification of contracts and mistake	8-102
The inter-action of mistake and misrepresentation	8-103
Mistake in equity	8-104
Misrepresentation	
Introduction.....	8-112
Misrepresentation	
At common law.....	8-113
Negligent misrepresentation in tort.....	8-114
Misrepresentation under statute	8-115
Breach of contract	
Introductory.....	8-117
Express contractual provision.....	8-119
Effects of breach of contract: Rescission.....	8-121
Effects of breach of contract: Damages for breach of contract	
The measurement of damages for breach of a derivatives contract.....	8-122
Damages limited to the purposes for which the contract was created	8-125
Effects of breach of contract: Specific performance	8-127
Specific performance	
Specific performance in general terms	8-128
Specific performance in money transactions	8-131
Non-availability of specific performance.....	8-134
Termination	8-137
9. Termination and Restitution in Derivatives Transactions	
Overview	
Introduction	
The scope of this chapter	9-01
Limits of the ISDA termination procedure	
The termination of transactions in the master agreement	9-02
Situations in which the master agreement will and will not apply.....	9-03
The problem of unenforceable contracts.....	9-06
Some relevant deficiencies in standard market documentation	9-10
The discussion to follow	9-14
Personal Claims for Restitution of Payments	
Introduction.....	9-15
Personal restitutionary claims for money at common law; money had and received	
The basis of the claim for money had and received	9-16
The size of the remedy.....	9-20
Failure of consideration; absence of consideration.....	9-21
A novel doctrine of absence of consideration in <i>Westdeutsche Landesbank Girozentrale v Islington LBC</i>	9-22

CONTENTS

The roots of the doctrine of failure of consideration	9-26
Restitution of unjust enrichment	
The background.....	9-32
The basis of unjust enrichment.....	9-36
Mistake	9-40
Mistakes of fact.....	9-41
Mistakes of law	9-44
Part-performed and fully-performed contracts	
No distinction made between open and closed swaps	9-48
Distinguishing between swaps and annuities	9-55
Failure of consideration and partial performance.....	9-57
Getting what you expected	9-60
Restitution by rescission	
Rescission in the local authority swaps cases	9-61
Rescission based on mistake or on misrepresentation	9-65
Loss of the right to rescind in general terms.....	9-69
Specific performance	9-71
Rectification of contracts.....	9-73
Proprietary Claims and Actions	
Introduction.....	9-77
The nature of the trust in derivatives transactions	
When proprietary claims will be available	9-78
When proprietary claims will be available under a void contract.....	9-82
Express trusts	9-84
Resulting trusts	9-86
Constructive trusts	
The creation of proprietary rights under constructive trust	9-88
The manner in which a constructive trust comes into existence	9-89
The role of constructive trust in commercial cases	9-90
Tracing	
Tracing in general terms	9-91
Common law tracing	9-92
Equitable tracing	9-96
Loss of the right to trace in equitable tracing claims	9-97
Equitable tracing into current bank accounts	9-100
Remedies in equitable tracing actions	9-105
Defences to equitable tracing claims	9-113
Issues generated by the local authority swaps cases in relation to tracing	9-121
Compound interest	9-123
Case study: The local authority swaps cases	
Introduction.....	9-129
The decision in <i>Westdeutsche Landesbank Girozentrale v Islington LBC</i> , in outline	9-131
The context of local authority funding	9-132

The context of the <i>Westdeutsche Landesbank Girozentrale v Islinton LBC</i> appeal.....	9–137
<i>Islinton</i> : the deep discount swap, a back-to-back structure.....	9–140
Analysis of the deep discount structure: Loan or swap?	9–142
Capital or income payments?.....	9–146
The <i>Sandwell</i> litigation	9–150
The conflict between equity and restitution.....	9–156
Ambiguity in <i>Westdeutsche Landesbank Girozentrale v Islinton LBC</i> at first instance.....	9–157
Traditional trusts law and a mistrust of restitution.....	9–159
The clash between traditional equitable principles and commercial practice.....	9–164
Questioning the status of <i>Sinclair v Brougham</i>	9–165
10. Conflict of Laws	
Overview	
Introduction	10–01
Globalisation and conflict of laws.....	10–02
Contract and the Conflict of Laws in General Terms	
The principal issues in relation to derivatives contracts in the conflict of laws.....	10–07
Distinguishing between choice of law and choice of jurisdiction.....	10–09
Supervening illegality or unenforceability.....	10–10
The traditional English common law approach to contracts in conflict of laws	10–11
Choice of Law under The Rome Convention: Contracts created on or before December 17, 2009	
The sources of law on contract in conflicts of law	10–12
The legal architecture	10–14
The scope of the Rome Convention	10–16
The applicability of the Rome Convention	10–19
Issues relating to choice of law	10–20
Express choice of law.....	10–21
Supplying the governing law where the parties have no contract in writing, or where there is only an inferred governing law provision	10–24
Governing law applying to a part only of the contract	10–27
Mandatory rules	10–28
No express choice of law	10–29
Illegal contracts	10–33
The time of the creation of a derivatives contract.....	10–36
Choice of law under the Rome I regulation: Contracts created after December 17, 2009	
Introduction.....	10–37
Choice of law under the Regulation	10–38
Failure to make a choice of law	10–39
Mandatory rules	10–42

Negotiations	10–43
Choice of Jurisdiction	
Introduction.....	10–44
Understanding the sources of law on choice of jurisdiction.....	10–45
The general principles	
The scope of the Brussels I Regulation.....	10–49
General principle—domicile	10–50
Specific provisions relating to jurisdiction in relation to contracts	
The general provision in relation to contracts	10–53
General principle—place of performance.....	10–54
Specific provisions relating to jurisdiction in relation to tort	10–56
Express choice of jurisdiction	10–58
That section 13 of the ISDA Master Agreement constitutes a good choice of jurisdiction clause.....	10–59
Contradictory choices of jurisdiction in different documents	10–60
Non-application of choice of jurisdiction clause in cases of insolvency	10–64
Case law on express choice of jurisdiction under article 23 of the Brussels Convention	10–65
The categories of exclusive jurisdiction under article 22	10–69
Express choice of jurisdiction binding only between the parties to the contract	10–74
Express choice of jurisdiction in an arbitration clause	10–75
No express choice of jurisdiction	10–76
No application of the forum non conveniens principle	10–77
Recognition of judgments	10–78
Allocation of jurisdiction under a contract void ab initio	10–79
Other issues in the conflict of laws	
The doctrine of reference back (renvoi)	10–84
Debts in conflict of laws	10–85
Recognition of trusts	10–87
Other potential issues	10–88

PART C**Taking Security****11. Taking Security**

Overview	
The means of taking security	
An outline of the discussion	11–01
The scope of this chapter	11–02
Collateralisation in outline	11–06
Transfers of title	11–11

Trusts	
The nature of trusts.....	11-16
Creation of express trusts	
Requirements of certainty	11-22
The particular problem of certainty of subject matter.....	11-25
The rights of beneficiaries	11-29
The constitution of trusts	11-30
The duties of trustees	11-32
Breach of trust.....	11-39
Trusts implied by law	11-40
Proprietary rights under void contracts.....	11-45
The impact of the continued failure of the derivatives markets to react to the decision in <i>Westdeutsche Landesbank Girozentrale v Islington LBC</i> on systemic risk	11-46
Conditions on the use of "loan property" and "pledged collateral"	
The use of lending arrangements	11-47
<i>Romalpa</i> clauses—retention of rights in property	11-49
<i>Quicclose</i> trusts.....	11-51
Mortgages and Charges	
The distinction between mortgages and charges.....	11-62
Legal mortgages	
The nature of the law of mortgages.....	11-63
Legal mortgages of land.....	11-64
Legal mortgages of personalty.....	11-66
The mortgagee's remedies	
The available remedies.....	11-70
The mortgagee's power of sale	11-71
The extension of the power of sale to charges and liens	11-72
The right of foreclosure	11-73
The right of possession	11-75
The right to appoint a receiver.....	11-76
The rights of the mortgagor	11-77
Equitable mortgages	
The nature of an equitable mortgage	11-81
The nature of charges	11-85
Distinguishing charges from other structures	11-86
Whether or not a charge may create a proprietary right	11-87
Fixed charges	
The nature of a fixed equitable charge	11-89
Certainty of subject matter.....	11-91
The remedies of the chargee	11-92
Floating charges	11-93
Charges over book debts	
Registration of a book debt as a charge	11-97
The particular problem of future book debts.....	11-100
The book debt and its proceeds capable of being subject to separate security interests	11-104
A "specific charge" over book debts	11-107

Pledges	11-108
The form of pledge used in some ISDA documents, which is in truth a transfer of title	11-110
Liens	11-117
Possessory lien	
General lien	11-118
Particular lien.....	11-119
Contractual lien.....	11-122
Equitable lien	11-123
Guarantees and indemnities	
The distinction between guarantees and indemnities	
The formalities required for a guarantee	11-126
Guarantees forming part of a larger transaction	11-131
Guarantees in variable amounts; notice	11-134
Enforceability of guarantee	
Informal guarantee unenforceable, not void	11-135
Other contexts in which a guarantor will be unenforceable	11-136
Rescission for non-disclosure	11-137
Alteration in the nature of the guarantor's obligation	11-138
Commercial issues with the drafting of guarantees	11-142
Netting.....	11-143
Letter of Comfort.....	11-144

12. Collateralisation and Credit Support Agreements

Overview	
Understanding collateralisation	
Introduction.....	12-01
The two principal forms of collateral	12-03
The purpose of collateral arrangement	12-06
The utility of two-way collateral.....	12-08
Commercial issues with collateral structures	
The requirement for collateral.....	12-10
The type of asset taken as collateral	12-12
Measurement of exposure and of the level of collateral	12-16
Formalities and regulatory requirements	12-21
Title in the collateral assets	12-22
Role of the custodian.....	12-25
Central clearing houses	12-26
The EC Collateral Directive 2002	
The enforceability of collateral arrangements	
The Directive in outline	12-27
"Title transfer" arrangements	12-28
"Security financial collateral" arrangements	12-29
Certainty of subject matter in collateral arrangements	12-33
Enforceability of set-off and netting	12-34
Financial Collateral Arrangements (No.2) Regulations 2003	
The scope of the Collateral Regulations	12-35

The collateral structures as defined under the Collateral	
Regulations.....	12-36
Title transfer arrangements	12-37
Security arrangements.....	12-38
Legislative carve-outs in the Collateral Regulations	12-41
Personal collateral.....	12-43
Enforceability of mortgage under Collateral Regulations without the need for a court order for foreclosure	12-44
Realisation of the collateral.....	12-45
“Appropriation” of property in satisfaction of the right.....	12-46
Miscellaneous	12-47
ISDA collateralisation documentation	
The two principal types of collateralisation.....	12-49
Personal collateralisation: The ISDA Credit Support Annex	
The structure of personal collateral arrangements	12-50
A worked example of a personal collateral arrangement.....	12-51
The ISDA terminology for this structure.....	12-52
The manner in which this structure provides security	12-57
Credit support obligations.....	12-59
Transfers	12-60
Calculations and dispute resolution	12-61
Title in transferred property	12-63
Representation as to title in collateral property.....	12-64
Default	12-65
Proprietary collateralisation: The ISDA Credit Support Deed	
Taking a right secured over property.....	12-66
The problem in identifying the nature of the property right in the standard contractual language	12-67
The release of the security	12-69
The preservation of the security	12-70
Custody of the collateral property	12-72
Rights of enforcement.....	12-76
Collateral terms in the master agreement	12-77
Legal issues in collateral structures	
Distinguishing between transfer of title, pledge, and trust over collateral	12-78
Proprietary rights under global notes.....	12-82
Shortcomings in standard market documentation for collateral	12-86
Insolvency and collateral.....	12-91
13. Set-off, Netting and Insolvency	
Overview	
Introduction	
The significance of set-off in derivatives contracts.....	13-01
Close-out netting and systemic risk	13-03
An introduction to the terminology.....	13-10
The nature of set-off	
The definition and scope of “set-off”	13-14

Categories of set-off under statute and at common law	13-17
Statutory set-off.....	13-18
Set-off at common law.....	13-19
Equitable set-off	13-22
Issues with set-off and the identification of the amount payable in a single derivatives transaction	13-25
The nature and types of netting	
Introduction.....	13-29
The definition of “netting”	
The nature and purpose of netting	13-30
Novation netting	13-32
Payment netting	13-34
Close-out netting.....	13-37
Rescission as an alternative to netting in non-money claims.....	13-38
Insolvency of financial institutions	
When is a financial institution insolvent?	
The question of insolvency under the general law.....	13-40
The question of bank insolvency under the Banking Act 2009	
Bank insolvency in general terms.....	13-50
Insolvency and investment banks	13-52
Bank administration: The fundamentals of bank administration	13-53
The objectives of the bank administrator	13-56
Set-off on insolvency	
The core questions relating to insolvency set-off	13-57
The central principles	13-59
The statutory principle in rule 4.90 of the Insolvency Rules	
The mutuality requirement.....	13-61
The obligation to set-off	13-63
The calculation process	13-64
The development of the modern law on close-out netting on insolvency	
Multi-party netting agreements, clearing houses and the pari passu principle	13-70
The problem posed by <i>British Eagle International Airlines v</i> <i>Air France</i> and the pari passu principle.....	13-73
Bilateral set-off on insolvency: <i>Stein v Blake and BCCI</i> (<i>No. 8</i>)	13-79
Transactions with third parties not within rule 4.90: Limiting multiparty netting.....	13-82
The Settlement Finality Regulations, clearing and the pari passu principle	13-83
The anti-deprivation rule	
Introduction	13-86
The anti-deprivation principle after <i>Belmont Park Investments</i> <i>Pty Ltd v BNY Corporate Trustee Services Ltd</i>	13-87
The ratio decidendi in <i>Belmont Park Investments v BNY</i> <i>Corporate Trustee Ltd</i>	13-90

Difficulties with this decision	13–91
Contingent interests and narrow rights in insolvency situations	13–96
The rule against double proof	13–98
Set-off and conflict of laws	13–99
General issues relating to set-off in derivatives transactions	
The effectiveness of the standard form contracts	13–100
The problem of part-performed executory contracts	13–101
Close-out netting and access to collateral	13–104
Set-off and clearing	13–105
PART D	
Regulation and Taxation	
14. Taxation of Financial Derivatives	
Overview	
Introduction	
The scope and nature of the taxation of financial derivatives	14–01
Tax provisions in master agreements	14–10
The taxation of “derivative contracts”: Corporation Tax Act 2009	
Part 7	
The fundamentals of the “derivative contracts” regime	14–19
The scope of Part 7: “Derivatives contracts” and “relevant contracts”	
The scope of the terms “derivatives contracts” and “relevant contracts”	14–20
The definition of “derivative contract”	14–21
The categories of “relevant contract” in detail	14–22
Exclusions	
The scope of exclusions from the derivative contract code	14–32
Method of taxation	
Methodology: credits and debits; fair value and expenses	14–36
Fair value accounting	14–38
Expenses and the ISDA “single agreement” approach	14–40
Anti-avoidance	
Introduction	14–42
Case law on anti-avoidance in general terms	14–43
The <i>Scottish Provident</i> litigation: Artificial tax avoidance schemes and derivatives	
Doubting the ISDA “single agreement” approach in tax avoidance cases	14–48
House of Lords: Confronting artificial tax avoidance schemes which use derivative instruments	14–50

Anti-avoidance cases relating to derivatives	14–53
Composite derivatives transactions seeking beneficial tax treatment	14–58
The time of the creation of a derivatives contract	14–62
Other revenue law problems raised by derivatives	14–63
Anti-avoidance provisions under the Corporation Tax Act 2009	
Special computational provisions: The general scheme	14–64
Deemed assignment of derivatives on cessation of residence in United Kingdom	14–65
Derivative contracts for unallowable purposes	14–66
Transfers of value to connected companies	14–68
Exchange gains and losses where derivative contracts not on arm’s length terms	14–71
Transactions within groups	14–72
Novation and transfers within groups	14–74
Derivative contracts with non-UK residents	14–78
Tax derivatives	14–79
15. The Development of Derivatives Regulation	
Overview	
Introduction	
The scope of this chapter	15–01
The discussion of current regulatory policy in this book	15–03
One market or several markets?	15–04
A history of derivatives regulation	
The historical lack of systematic regulation of derivatives markets	15–08
The reasons for the failure to regulate derivatives in the United States before the Dodd-Frank Act	15–14
The development of over-the-counter derivatives markets	15–16
The sources of derivatives regulation	15–21
The global financial crisis 2006–2011	15–22
16. EU Regulation of Financial Services	
Overview	
Introduction	
A brave new world in EU financial regulation	16–01
Five key themes in EU financial regulation	16–04
General financial services regulation	
The core provisions of the EC Treaty impacting on financial services	16–05
The Lamfalussy process	
Introduction	16–06
The Lamfalussy report	16–07
The Lamfalussy process	
The four tier process	16–11
Harmonisation agenda	16–16
The passporting objective	16–17

“MiFID”: Regulation of investment services	16–18
The core objectives of MiFID	16–23
The benefits which are expected to flow from MiFID	16–24
The categories of activity regulated by MiFID	16–24
Authorisation and organisation of investment firms	16–25
Introduction	16–26
Authorisation of investment firms	16–27
Organisation of investment firms	16–28
Passporting	16–28
Securities markets and market transparency in MiFID	16–30
The market coverage in MiFID in the abstract	16–31
Regulated markets	16–32
Market transparency and integrity	16–32
The reform agenda: “MiFID II”	16–34
Introduction	16–35
The mechanisms for delivering financial products	16–36
Conduct of business reform	16–36
The power to intervene and to demand information in relation to derivative positions	16–38
Sanctions	16–40
The high-level policy impetus	16–41
Banking regulation	16–42
Stability mechanisms within the European Union	16–43
Proposals for derivatives regulation	16–43
Fundamentals of regulatory policy in the European Union	16–46
Introduction	16–47
Regulatory policy relating to derivatives in the European Union	16–47
The five central objectives	16–47
The policy objectives of the European Union	16–50
The de Larosière Report	16–52
Fundamental policy assumptions in the report	16–52
Macro-economic causes of the crisis	16–54
Themes in risk management	16–58
The development of the crisis	16–61
Regulatory and supervisory failures	16–63
Measurement issues	16–68
“Closing the gap in regulation”	16–69
“Equipping Europe with a consistent set of rules”	16–72
“EU supervisory repair”	16–74
The new regulatory structure	16–77
“Global repair”	16–79
EU policy after the de Larosière Report	16–80
The proposed derivatives regulations	16–81
Underlying policy objectives	16–81
The proposed OTC derivatives clearing and trade repository regulation (“EMIR”)	16–82
The provisions of the draft regulation, “EMIR”	16–86
Introduction	16–86
Clearing	16–87

Reporting	16–90
Corporate, non-financial counterparties	16–91
The authorisation and supervision of CCP’s	16–92
Prudential requirements for a CCP	16–94
The regulation of trade repositories	16–97
The condition of the draft regulation at the time of writing	16–98
The Impact Assessment accompanying the draft Regulation	16–99
The proposed Markets in Financial Instruments Regulation (“MiFIR”)	16–102
Introduction	16–102
The obligation to conduct derivatives business on regulated markets	16–103
The delivery of services	16–105
The underlying policy goals	16–107
Conduct of business obligations of derivatives dealers	16–108
The regulation of credit default swaps	16–109
17. UK Regulation of Derivatives and Finance	
Overview	
Introduction	
The structure of the law of finance	17–01
The current position	17–01
The reform agenda for 2012 and afterwards	17–03
The regulation of finance in the United Kingdom	
The activities which are regulated under the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000	17–06
Conduct of business regulation	
The source of conduct of business regulation	17–07
The core obligations of a regulated entity	17–08
The client’s best interest principle	17–09
The provision of information	17–10
Client classification and suitable treatment	17–11
Procuring “best execution” for the customer	17–13
Fiduciary dimensions to the regulated entity’s obligations	17–14
Financial promotion	17–15
Money Laundering	17–16
Market abuse	
Introduction	17–17
Regulation of market abuse by the FSA	17–18
Insider dealing	17–19
Market manipulation offences	17–20
Banking regulation in the United Kingdom	
Introduction	17–21
The current position	17–22
The statutory roles of the Bank of England	17–23

FSA prudential regulation of banks	
Giving effect to Basel II through the FSA Handbook	17-24
Capital adequacy regulation.....	17-25
Freezing orders under Anti-Terrorism, Crime and Security Act	
2001	17-26
The Independent Commission on Banking: "The Vickers Report"	
Introduction	17-28
The principal proposed reform: ring-fencing	17-29
The nature of the ring-fence	17-31
The legal nature of the ring-fence	17-33
Bank failure: The Banking Act 2009	
The underlying approach of the Banking Act 2009	17-38
The Special Resolution Regime	
The regime in outline.....	17-40
The three stabilisation options	17-44
Bank insolvency	17-49
Regulatory reform in the United Kingdom	
The outline of the reform agenda for 2012	
Introduction	17-50
The Treasury White Paper: policy priorities	17-51
The draft Financial Services Bill	
Introduction	17-53
The new regulatory bodies and their core functions.....	17-54
The Financial Policy Committee	
The core principles of the FPC.....	17-55
The interaction of the FPC with other regulatory bodies	17-57
The Financial Conduct Authority	
The objectives of the FCA.....	17-59
The consumer protection objective of the FCA	17-60
The integrity objective	17-61
The efficiency and choice objective	17-62
The general functions of the FCA	17-63
Shortcomings in the FCA's duties and role	17-64
The duty to consult	17-65
The competent authority for official listing.....	17-66
The Prudential Regulatory Authority	
The general objective of the PRA	17-67
The prudential powers of the PRA and of the FCA.....	17-69
The interaction of the PRA and the FCA	17-70
The rule-making powers of the PRA and FCA	17-73
Failure of a regulated entity: Collaboration between the Treasury and the Bank of England, FCA or PRA	17-74
The new regulatory architecture within the Bank of England.....	17-79

18. US Regulation of Derivatives	
Overview	
Introduction	
The scope of this chapter	18-01
The context of the response to the global financial crisis in the	
United States	18-03
The context of the US regulatory architecture	18-06
The Wall Street Amendment and Transparency Act 2010	
"The Dodd-Frank Act"	
The scope of the Act	18-11
The gestation of the Act.....	18-12
The principal provisions of the WSATA 2010	
The scope of this discussion	18-14
The underlying policies of the WSATA 2010	18-15
The organisation of the WSATA 2010.....	18-17
The regulation of over-the-counter swaps markets	
Structural organisation of regulation: The regulatory authorities	18-18
Explicit regulatory powers to intervene in markets	18-20
Abusive swaps.....	18-21
Prohibition of participation in swap activities.....	18-22
Prohibition against federal government bailouts	18-23
Novel products	18-26
Clearing of swap transactions	18-27
The operation of derivatives clearing organisations.....	18-29
Treatment of collateral and margin.....	18-31
Reporting swap transaction data	18-32
Anti-disruptive practices authority	18-33
Other initiatives	18-34
Security-based swaps	18-35
The conduct of derivatives business by American financial institutions	
Dividing between traditional banking and speculative finance	18-36
Ring-fencing ordinary banking activity off from proprietary derivatives trading.....	18-38
The duty to conduct studies	18-39
The Aftermath	18-40
Index	947